Given a binary tree and a sum, determine if the tree has a root-to-leaf path such that adding up all the values along the path equals the given sum.

**Note:** A leaf is a node with no children.

**Example:**

Given the below binary tree and sum = 22,

**5**

**/** \

**4** 8

**/** / \

**11** 13 4

/ **\** \

7 **2** 1

return true, as there exist a root-to-leaf path 5->4->11->2 which sum is 22.